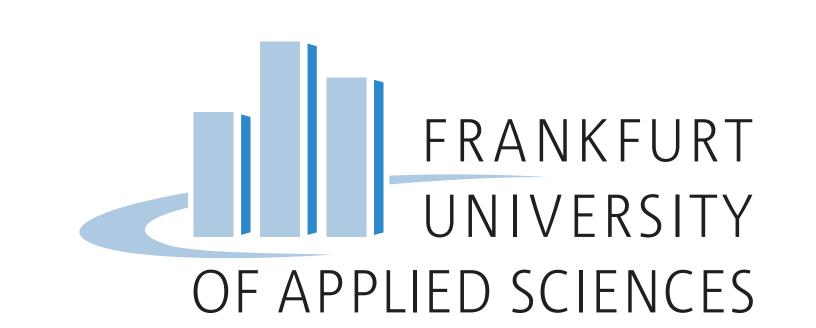
The Evolution of Cloud Computing Towards a Vendor Agnostic Market Place Using the SKY CONTROL Framework

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Introduction

Multi-cloud environments offer benefits like vendor diversification and resilience but pose challenges such as increased management complexity, lack of cost transparency, and compliance. This poster introduces **SKY CONTROL**, a vendor-agnostic framework for small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs). **SKY CONTROL** integrates cost control and risk management into multi-cloud setups, providing static and dynamic resource analyses, a cost calculator, and risk assessment tools. This novel framework is the first implementation of the innovative **Sky Computing** concept for SMEs. It aims to improve cost efficiency, regulatory compliance, and strategic IT planning for SMEs, offering a unified approach to managing hybrid infrastructures.

Opportunities of multi-cloud setups

- + Reduction of provider dependency
- + Cost optimization
- + Business continuity through partial redundancy
- + Selection of the best service offerings for the respective application

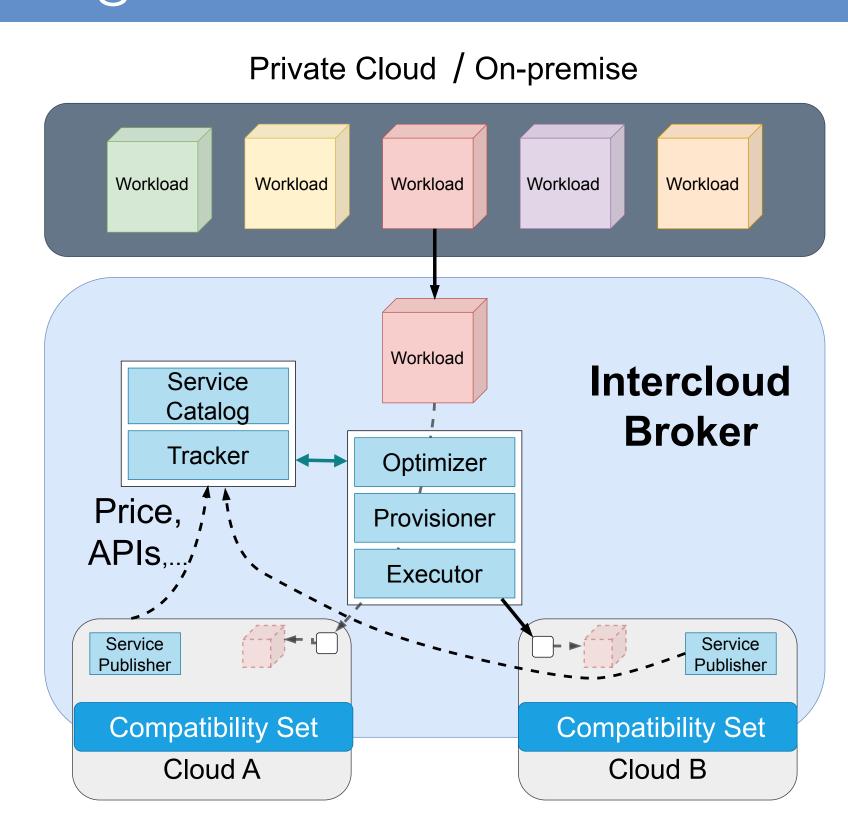
Challenges of multi-cloud setups

- Cost management
- Cost comparison across different providers
- Risk management and resilience
- Compliance and governance across all cloud platforms

Sky Computing

The Sky Computing concept [1] introduces an abstraction layer – the **Intercloud Broker** – between cloud providers and end-user workloads, resolving interoperability issues in multi-cloud setups.

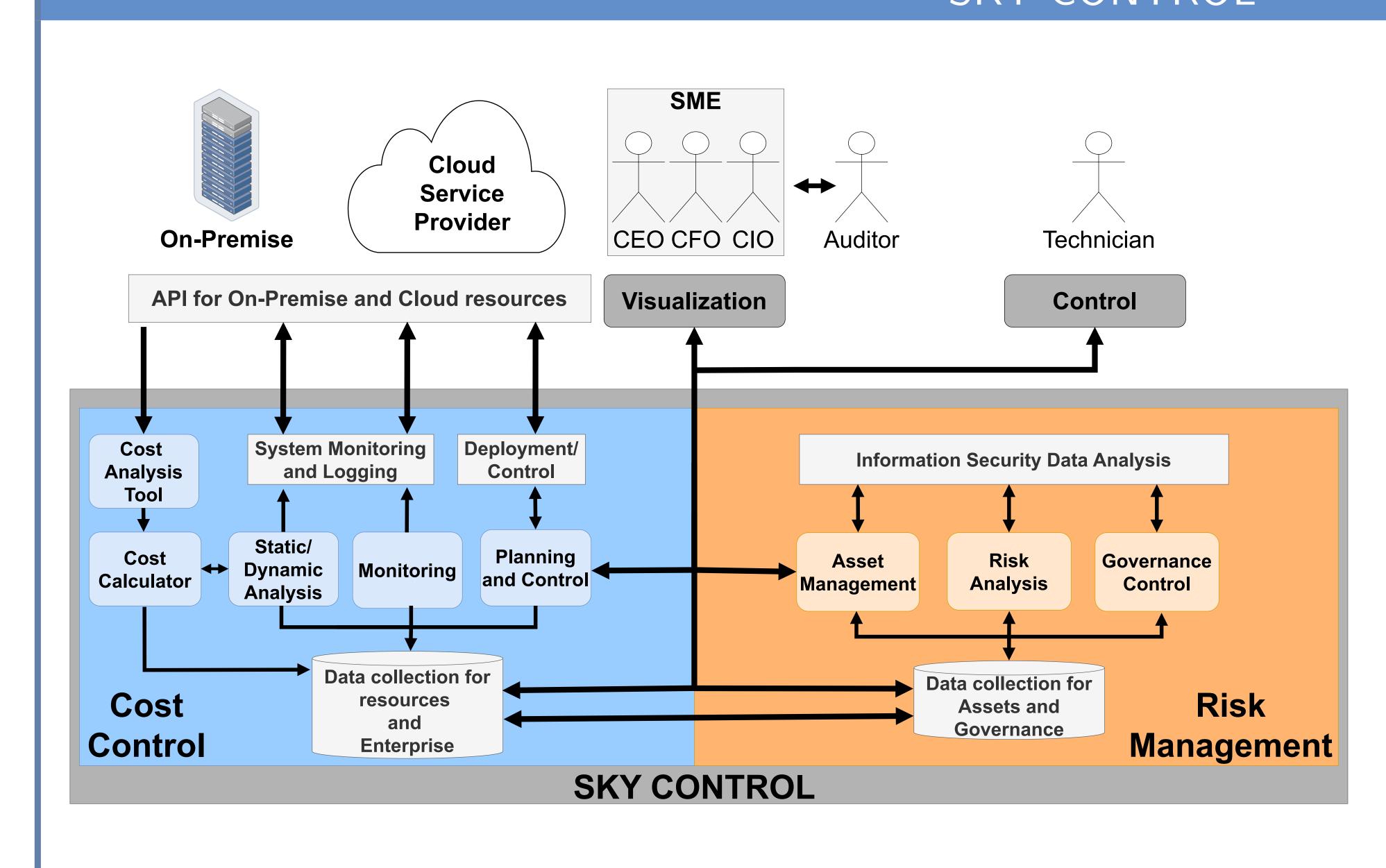
The Service Catalog records available instances and services, including locations, pricing, and APIs, while the Tracker monitors prices and resource availability across providers. Using this data, the Optimizer evaluates workload requirements, checks availability and pricing, and determines optimal service placement. The Executor manages application execution by aggregating tasks and deploying workloads based on allocated resources. Additionally, Compatibility Sets leverage existing services and APIs from various cloud providers, ensuring seamless, standardized connectivity without requiring reimplementation. The



The Intercloud Broker [2]

term "cloud of clouds" summarizes this concept, because it creates a uniform, interoperable layer above multiple clouds. Sky Computing thus provides a solid foundation for implementing our proposed framework and leveraging the benefits of unified multi-cloud environments for SMEs.

SKY CONTROL



Cost Control

- A control and planning tool provides insights into resource usage across multiple cloud providers.
- Analysis, calculation, and visualization of costs for both on-premise and cloud resources.
- It performs static analysis (e.g., resource IDs, hardware specs) and dynamic analysis (e.g., CPU/memory usage, network bandwidth).
- Deriving pricing trends and predictions from the data, considering the complexity of cloud service integration.

Risk Management

- Manages customer assets, collects detailed insights, and performs risk analysis.
- Evaluates risks based on asset criticality, data sensitivity, and compliance standards (e.g. BSI C5) [3].
- Helps businesses meet governance requirements and enhances compatibility with larger enterprises.
- Provides risk and asset visualization for CIOs, aiding audits and risk mitigation.

Open Questions

- \Rightarrow What are the challenges of multi-cloud environments for SMEs?
- ⇒ How can Sky Computing enhance workload placement efficiency for SMEs compared to multi-cloud setups?
- ⇒ How is it possible to analyze the costs of multi-cloud environments for SMEs?
- ⇒ How can SMEs keep track of the distributed workloads and make sure security risks are analyzed?

Acknowledgements



This project is funded by the Federal Ministry for Economic Affairs and Climate Action ('Bundesministerium für Wirtschaft und Klimaschutz')) in the framework of the programme ('Zentrales Innovationsprogramm

Mittelstand').

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